Name of of product	Consumption			Production				Imports		
	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1993-94 (Actual)	1994-95 (Actual)	1995-96 (Actual)	1996-97 (Target)	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96
SSP	23.52	26.26	29.50	19.0	26.4	29.8	33.0			
Complex Ferts.	31.60	39.74	38.45	29.0	35.7	40.5	42.8			0.29
MOP	10.52	12.70	14.36					14.28*	18.48*	21.92
SOP	0.08	0.11	0.22					0.11	0.19	0.06
Rock Phosphate	1.21	1.27	1.34					0.35	-	-

*-Quantities indicated include import of fertilizers by private parties as per information available in the Dept. of Fertilizers.

Export of Rice and Wheat

4046. SHRI CHIMANBHAI HARIBHAI SHUKLA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the target fixed for export of rice and wheat during the current year and how far it is likely to be achieved indicating the exports made during the last two years;

(b) whether Government have of late taken certain steps to boost-up exports of basmati rice and wheat; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA): (a) The Govt. fixes export ceilings in respect of agricultural commodities keeping in view the size of the crop, stocks position, buffer stock norms, the price situation etc. The export ceiling for the year 1996-97 in respect of wheat is 30.0 lakh tonnes. The export of rice is freely allowed. These ceilings are subject to review. The exports made during the past two years are as under:—

(Qty. 000 tonnes value : Rs. in crores)

Item	1994-95		1995-96	
	Qty.	Value	Qty.	Value
Rice (Basmati)	442.13	865.32	392.26	851.16
Rice (other than Basmati)	448.50	340.47	5120.34	3701.85
Wheat	86.63	42.34	617.21	360.90

(b) and (c) Govt. has a number of financial assistance schemes aimed at promoting exports including that of rice. Under these schemes, financial assistance is for supply of product samples for the purpose of test marketing, product information, publicity, participation in international trade fairs, assistance for setting up/strengthening of quality control activities etc.

Production of phosphate in Paradip Phosphatic Fertilizers

4047. SHRIMATI JAYANTI PATNAIK: Will the Minister of CHEMICALS & FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) the total productrion of phosphate

in the Paradip phosphatic fertilizers plant, Orissa, during the last three years;

(b) whether Government have a proposal to increase the sale and production of fertilizers; and

(c) if so, the steps taken in that regard by the fertilizer plants at Paradip, Talcher and Rourkela in Orissa during the 8th Plan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS & FERTILIZERS (SHRI SHIS RAM OLA): (a) The Production of phosphatic fertilizers in terms of nutrients at M/s. Paradeep Phosphates Limited (PPL) has been as follows:

(In Lakh MT)

Year	Phosphate Production
1993-94	1.77
1994-95	3.24
1995-96	2.82

(b) and (c) PPL has an installed capacity of 7.2 lakh tonnes of DAP. The unit manufactures complex fcertilizers (NPK) in the same premises, depending on the market requirements. The production in this plant has *inter-alia* suffered on account of demand contraints and mounting inventories. The Government has increased the rate of the special concession applicable to phosphatic and potassic fertilizers with effect from 6.7.1996. The increase in the special concession is expected to boost the consumption of decontrolled fertilizers and encourage the indigenous production. The production target for PPL for 1996-97 is 5.60 lakh tonnes of DAP and 1.00 lakh tonnes each of NPK (12:32:16) and NPK (10:26:26).

The Talcher fertilizer plant is a coal-based unit of M/s. Fertilizer Corporation of Inndia Limited (FCI). FCI has been declared sick by the BIFR in 1992. The Government of India has been providing budgetary support to FCI to enable it to sustain the production in its functional units. The production target for the Talcher unit for 1996-97 is 1.00 lakh tonnes of urea.

Rourkela Fertilizer unit of M/s. Steel Authority of India Limited (SAIL) has a Calcium Ammonium Nitrate (CAN) plant with a capacity of 4.8 lakh tonnes. CAN is a decontrolled fertilizer and its level of production is determined mainly by the market forces. The production target for SAIL Rourkela for 1996-97 is 1.86 lakh tonnes of CAN.

Preservation of Hyderi House

4048. SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the report in the Times of India dated August 15, 1996, captioned 'Historic Hyderi House is in a shambles';

(b) if so, under whose care and protection this historic building has been for the last half a century; and

(c) whether Government propose to take it over and preserve it as a national monument?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI S.R. BOMMAI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Before its take over by the Government of West Bengal in 1981, it was under private possession.

(c) No, Sir.

Formulation of New Sports Policy

4049. SHRI SATISH PRADHAN: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have taken fresh initiatives to formulate new Sports Policy for improving our performance in various games at the international level;

(b) if so, the major thrust areas of the new Policy and the time schedule worked